THURSDAY, JANUARY 21, 1773.] THE [NUMB. 1568.

NEW-YORK GENERAL JOURNAL; OR, THE ADVERTISER.

Containing the freſheſt ADVICES, *both* FOREIGN *and* DOMESTIC.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, NEAR THE COFFEE-HOUSE.

ASSIZE of BREAD, publiſhed 21ſt of December 1772.
Flour at 24*ſ.* per Cent.

A WHITE Loaf of fineſt Flour to weigh 1lb. 6 oz. for 4 Coppers. Ditto of Do. to weigh —— 11 —— for 2 Coppers.

PRICE CURRENT in NEW YORK.

Wheat per Buſhel	8*ſ*	6*d*	Beef per Barrel	65*ſ*	0*d*
Flour ——	24	0	Pork	£.5	0 0
Brown Bread	24	0	Salt	2/6 to 2	10
Weſt-India Rum	4	4	Bohea Tea	4	3
New-England ditto	2	8	Chocol. per Doz.	17	0
Muſcovado Sugar	56	0	Bees Wax	2	0
Single refin'd ditto	1	1	Indian Corn per Buſh.	4	8
Molaſſes	2	0	Wood	22 to 38	0

High-Water at New-York and Sun's Riſing and Setting, till Thurſday next.

	D's	Age.	High Water.	riſes ☉ H.	M.	ſets ☉ H.	
Thurſday		28	8	after 7	13	before 5	To-morrow
Friday	●		9	7	12	5	
Saturday		1	10	7	11	5	
Sunday		2	10	7	11	5	● New
Monday		3	11	7	10	5	
Tueſday		4	12	7	9	5	
Wedneſday		5	1	7	8	5	

Days 9 Hours 34 Min. the 21ſt.

WHEREAS there has been great neglect on the part of the owners of ſundry veſſels in the plantations in not complying with the act of the 7th and 8th WILLIAM 3d. C. 22, and more particularly the 22ſt Sect. where it is enacted, That no ſhip's name regiſtered, ſhall be afterwards changed without regiſtering ſuch ſhip *de novo*, which is required to be done upon any transfer of property to another port, and delivering up the former certificate to be cancelled, and in caſe there be any alteration of property in the ſame port, by the ſale of one or more ſhares in any ſhip after regiſtering thereof, ſuch ſale ſhall always be acknowledged by indorſement on the certificate of the regiſter, before two witneſſes, in order to prove that the entire property in ſuch ſhip remains to ſome of the ſubjects of Great Britain, if any diſpute ariſes concerning the ſame."

AND WHEREAS all veſſels trading at or belonging to any port in America, the owners or maſters of which ſhall omit to comply with the directions given in the ſaid act, will be liable to the ſame proſecutions and penalties as if ſuch veſſels were owned entirely by foreigners:

The Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms therefore give this notice, that all perſons concerned may govern themſelves accordingly. 68—

By order of the Commiſſioners,

Cuſtom-Houſe, Boſton, 15th December, 1772. SAMUEL MATHER, pr. Sec'y.

WHEREAS the drawing of the Lottery for the United Preſbyterians Churches, in New-Hemſtead, in Orange-County, and New Marlborough Precinct, in Ulſter-County, for ſome Reaſons, has hitherto been neglected.—Theſe are to acquaint the reſpectable Public, who are or may chance to be therein concerned, that ſaid Lottery will be drawn the firſt of March next, under the Inſpection of a ſufficient Number of Gentlemen of Note and Reputation, under Oath; the Managers, therefore hope, that thoſe who have purchaſed Tickets, will exerciſe Patience until then; and as there are a Number of Tickets yet remaining upon Hand; we hope that all our Chriſtian Brethren who feel the Influence of a Spirit of Benevolence, will uſe their Influence, and contribute towards the Vending of ſuch Tickets as yet remain unſold, as the Public may depend upon ſaid Lottery's being drawn at that Time.

January 4th, 1773. 68 3t

TO BE SOLD,
By HAYMAN LEVY,
In BAYARD-STREET,

BEST nothern beaver, and old coat beaver, ſuperfine, dreſſed marten ſkins, deers leather, [illegible] and in the hair; bear ſkins from 4*s.* to [illegible] and white WAMPUM, with ſundry INDIAN [illegible] &c. &c.

ANCHORS FOR SALE.

WHEREAS ſome have ſuppoſed, that the Anchors belonging to Noble and Townſend, which uſed to lie along Side the Bridge at Burling's-Slip, are ſold.—This may inform the Public, that the Corporation having ordered their Removal from that Place; they are now lodged for Sale, in a Yard between the Slip and Mr. Byvanck's Store, on the Dock, where any Size and Quantity may be had on Application to

67 70 WILLIAM HAWXHURST.

ANY Perſons who have Moth eaten or damaged Pieces of Blankets, Duffies, Bearſkins, Strouds, or other coarſe low-priced Goods to diſpoſe of—alſo labouring Men's Shoes, Pickled Cod-Fiſh, New-England Tobacco, and this Country Cheeſe, may hear of a Purchaſer, by applying to the Printer hereof. 67 70

To his EXCELLENCY
WILLIAM TRYON, Eſquire,
Captain General and Governor in Chief, in and over the Province of New-York, and the Territories depending thereon in America, Chancellor and Vice-Admiral of the ſame.

The humble ADDRESS of the COUNCIL for the Province of New-York,

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

WE his Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Council for the Province of New-York, return your Excellency our Thanks for your Speech.

The pernicious Effects of a doubtful Juriſdiction in the Diſtricts affected by the uncertain Extent of the Province, are ſo manifeſt, that your Excellency's Endeavours to extinguiſh theſe deſtructive Controverſies, merit our grateful Acknowledgments; and animated by the ſame laudable Motives with your Excellency, of promoting Induſtry, the Security of Property, and the general Tranquility, you may be aſſured, Sir, of our cheerful Concurrence in every Meaſure tending to give the Limits of the Province a certain and permanent Eſtabliſhment.

It is ſo much our Duty and our Intereſt to conſult the Proſperity of this Country, that we ſhall be ever ready to contribute our Aid in the moſt effectual Manner, to enhance the Reputation of its Staple Commodities, and defeat the flagitious Devices of thoſe Peſts of Society, who have of late been ſo active in the atrocious Crime of counterfeiting our Currency, to the Ruin of many poor unguarded Perſons, and the general Diſcredit of the Colony.

The Profeſſions of your affectionate Attachment [illegible] Province, [illegible] Majeſty, [illegible] muſt affect [illegible] Man [illegible] Subject [illegible] their Attention and Conſideration, which you have condeſcended ſo publickly to approve.

Happy under a Sovereign who is the Delight of his People, and [illegible] repreſentative who copies after his Royal Example, your Excellency may firmly rely upon our Aſſiſtance in ſupporting the Dignity of his Majeſty's Government, and ſeconding your benevolent Endeavours for promoting the Felicity of the Colony.

New York, *By Order of the Council,*
8th *Jan.* 1773. JOHN WATTS, Speaker.

His EXCELLENCY's Answer.

Gentlemen of his Majeſty's Council,

I Thank [illegible] affectionate Addreſs. It affords [illegible] ſatisfaction to find your Sentiments [illegible] with mine in reſpect to the Meaſures recommended in my Speech.

The favourable Conſtruction you put upon Your Behaviour [illegible] me Honour; and I [illegible] a perfect [illegible] Aſſiſtance to ſupport [illegible] important [illegible] Station. WM. TRYON.

His EXCELLENCY

WIL[illegible] TRYON, Eſquire,
Captain Gen[illegible] Governor in Chief, in and [illegible] York, and the Territo[illegible] in America, Chancellor [illegible] the ſame.

[illegible] the GENERAL AS[illegible] ſaid Colony.

[illegible] Excellency,

[illegible] dutiful and loyal Sub[illegible] Aſſembly of the Colony of [illegible] to return your Excellency [illegible] for your Speech.

[illegible] your Excellency has been [illegible] of our Conduct the laſt [illegible] gives us the moſt ſenſible Pleaſure; and we flatter ourſelves that our future Proceedings will be ſuch as to afford your Excellency and our Conſtituents the greateſt Satisfaction.

The Misfortune this Colony labours under from [illegible] it's Boundaries remaining undetermined, [illegible] retarded the Settlement of the Frontiers, [illegible] the Source of many unhappy Diſ[illegible] neighbouring Colonies, has always [illegible] the Repreſentatives of the People [illegible] cern, and we can juſtly aſſure [illegible] that every Meaſure has been [illegible] preceding General Aſſembly [illegible] to bring thoſe Matters to a [illegible]

Settlement; and it is with Pleaſure we find that your Excellency has Aſſurances that the Government of *Maſſachuſett's-Bay* has paſſed a Law to empower proper Perſons for finally eſtabliſhing a Partition Line between the two Colonies; and when your Excellency ſhall be pleaſed to lay before us the Papers relative thereto, we will immediately uſe our Endeavours towards the Accompliſhment of that ſalutary Purpoſe.

The Neceſſity of eſtabliſhing our other Boundaries, appears ſo evident, that this Houſe has always, and will continue to ſhew the greateſt Readineſs towards the Promotion of theſe eſſential Matters.

The Aſſurances your Excellency has given us that the General Aſſembly of New-Jerſey has paſſed a ſimilar Law to our own, for aſcertaining the Boundary between the two Governments, and ſecuring the Inhabitants on the Borders in the quiet Poſſeſſions of their Settlements, are highly ſatisfactory to us; and when the King's Commiſſion, and the Proceedings thereon, ſhall be tranſmitted to his Majeſty, we have the fulleſt Confidence that your Excellency will give your utmoſt Aſſiſtance towards obtaining the Royal Deciſion.

We are pleaſed to find that the Money granted laſt Seſſions for repairing the Fortifications of this City, has been ſo properly expended. As we have not the leaſt Doubt that the Repairs which your Excellency has ordered to be made to the Manſion-Houſe in *Fort-George*, were abſolutely neceſſary, and that they have been executed with a proper Degree of Oeconomy, whenever the Accounts ſhall be laid before us, we ſhall take the Means of diſcharging them into Conſideration.

The [illegible] Matters particularly recommended to [illegible] and [illegible] animity [illegible] Inhabitants of this Colony, as [illegible] things which the Repreſentatives of the People muſt regard with the higheſt Satisfaction; and as our Wiſhes coincide with your Excellency, all the Influence in our Power ſhall be exerted to have them continued and [illegible]

We are convinced nothing can ſo much [illegible] an Increaſe of the Wealth and Proſperity of the Colony, as a due Care that the good Quality of our Staple Commodities may eſtabliſh a Reputation at foreign Markets, and we ſhall therefore give the cloſeſt Attention to this neceſſary and important Object.—As alſo to prevent the Miſchiefs ariſing from the Circulation of the counterfeit Currency lately brought amongſt us.

The Happineſs your Excellency acknowledges to have enjoyed by his Majeſty's appointing you to preſide over us, we are greatly pleaſed to find increaſed by the juſtly merited Attention and Reſpect you have experienced from all Ranks, and cannot fail of cheriſhing the growing Attachment you feel for the Intereſt of this Colony; and your Excellency may reſt aſſured of our Aid and Aſſiſtance in the honourable Support of his Majeſty's Government and the Proſperity of his People.

By Order of the General Aſſembly,

Aſſembly Chamber, *New-York,* *June* 1773. JOHN CRUGER, Speaker.

His EXCELLENCY's Answer.

Gentlemen of the General Aſſembly,

IT affords me a moſt grateful Satisfaction to find by the generous Sentiments contained in your Addreſs, that the Propriety and public Utility of the ſeveral Matters recommended in my Speech, are favoured with your Approbation.

I am ſenſible that the Miſchiefs which have hitherto reſulted from the Boundaries of this Province remaining unſettled, are by no means chargeable on the preſent, or any former General Aſſembly, but to a Want of that happy Concurrence of Events which, at this Time, ſeem to favour the Attempt.

The full Aſſurance you give me of your Aid in the honourable Support of his Majeſty's Government, is a Proof of your Loyalty, Duty, and Affection to [illegible] Sovereigns, as cannot fail of a gracious [illegible] from the Throne; at the ſame Time that [illegible] my Wiſhes, and encourages my public [illegible] promote the true Intereſt of this Co-

[illegible] York, [illegible] WM. TRYON.

Mr. HOLT,

SIR,

I Have ſeen it laid down, ſomewhere, as a Rule in Writing, that a Perſon ſhould ſelect a Subject agreeable to the Frame of Mind he happens to be in. Whether this Rule be well founded or not, I feel myſelf ſtrongly impelled by it. The Aſſemblage of Beauty, and Female Accompliſhments, that appeared with ſuch Brilliancy the laſt Aſſembly, occupy my Thoughts, and induce me to call the Attention of your fair Readers to themſelves, and to the noble Ends to which their Influence may be applied.

That the Men were always jealous of the intellectual Talents of Women, is very clear, from the Pains which they have always taken to exclude them from a Share in the Adminiſtration of publick Affairs, to debar them from a liberal Education, and on the contrary, to employ their Minds on Trifles. Notwithſtanding theſe Diſadvantages, it is an undeniable Truth, that, in the Art of Government, Nobleneſs of Sentiment, and the moſt refined Exertions of the Mind, there are many Inſtances of Women, who were, at leaſt, equal, if not ſuperior to the Men. Hiſtory affords many Proofs of it: But what ſets the Matter beyond all Contradiction, is, that in the earlieſt Ages of the World, when the mighty Lords of the Creation, had not yet, by Means of ſuperior Education, got the Start of Women, but both were on an equal Footing in that Reſpect, viz. in the Condition they came from their Creator's Hands: Women, by the Superiority of their Genius, diſcovered moſt of the uſeful Arts of Life; in Gratitude for which, the Lords of the Creation regarded them as ſuperior Beings, payed them divine Honours, and inſtituted thoſe religious Rites, in Commemoration of them which afterwards were celebrated, thro' the heathen World; to Minerva, Ceres, and many other Ladies of Antiquity, who, in Proceſs of Time, were really believed to have been of divine Origin.

After ſo fair and full a Proof of the ſuperior Abilities of our Sex, it would be unneceſſary to deſcend to Inſtances of Ladies who have figured in Politics, the fine Arts, or profound Sciences. Hiſtory is full of them, and ſhews that Women are equal to the higheſt Exertions of the human Mind.

But there are other Points, equally or more important to Society, in which Women are generally ſuperior to the Men:——Senſibility of Heart, and Elevation of Mind. There is not an Inſtance of Magnanimity in Men, whether in publick or private Life, which cannot be paralleled in Women. There are ſome in which Women have outdone the Men; of Battles and other dangerous Situations, wherein the Men forgot their Honour, their Country, their Families, and themſelves, by the[illegible] being raiſed from [illegible] ments, by the heroic Behaviour of [illegible] triumphed over the Foes from whom they had ingloriouſly fled, and over Misfortunes, under which they were ſinking with the moſt effeminate Deſpondency.

Men of the greateſt Senſe, were [illegible] ſenſible of the refined Sentiments of Women, [illegible] when they wanted to excite the Men to generous Actions, they generally contrived to get the Women to ſet the Example. When the Roman Republick was on the brink of Ruin; when their Treaſury was exhauſted, and the Patriotiſm of the Men could not induce them to ſatisfy the Neceſſities of their Country, the Women gave up their Jewels, and other Ornaments of Value, for the publick Service; and by that ſignal Inſtance of Love for their Country, kindled an Emulation among the Men, which extricated the Commonwealth from all its Difficulties, and raiſed it to a higher Pitch of Glory than it had known before.

Let me preſs you then,—ye fair Ones, to know your own Importance, and to exert it.——Confine your Atttention no longer to the Concerns only of a Family.——Conſider yourſelves as intitled to a Suffrage, and poſſeſſed of Influence, in the Adminiſtration of the great Family of the Publick——Take a Part in the momentous Affairs of the Community, which Providence by the liberal Endowments he has granted you in Mind and Perſon, manifeſtly intended you for. Men are often ſelfiſh and mercenary in their Purſuits, and ſacrifice the Honour of their Families, as well as the Honour and Intereſt of the Publick, to paltry Emolument which they do not want. The pernicious Conſequences of ſuch Conduct are viſible on every Side. To go no further, the late Diſturbances in a ſouthern Colony, ſhew how much the Publick may be affected by it. Nor is the Diſhonour that is entailed, for Generations, on Families, by the Selfiſhneſs, or other illiberal Behaviour of its Repreſentative, a leſs conſpicuous Proof of its fatal Influence in private Life.* You, ye Fair, as you are more refined—ſo are you alſo able to rectify this Evil. Female Senſe, enforced by Female Charms, is irreſiſtable.——Exert your Power—you who [illegible] Huſbands.——Suffer not the good Man's [illegible] to provide for his Family, to carry [illegible] what he owes to his Country, to his [illegible] and that of his Wife and Children [illegible] draw Ridicule, but can never co[illegible]

* *We cannot [illegible] Correſpondence [illegible] tended in theſe two laſt Sentences.*

And ill gotten Wealth ſeldom fails to expoſe its Owner to ſecret Contempt; nor to furniſh Matter of Reproach to his Iſſue. In all publick Matters, and in Reſpect to all Men, who are to be choſen into publick Offices, inſiſt upon it, that he governs himſelf by the Conſideration of what, and who is moſt fit and honourable, not what, or who will be moſt advantageous to himſelf. You, who are unmarried, ſmile only on thoſe who by their good Senſe, Politeneſs, and honourable Diſcharge of all public and private Duties, are worthy of your Smiles.—Raiſe an Emulation among the young Men to excel in thoſe Particulars: And while you diſtinguiſh with your Approbation ſuch as deſerve it, exert your Wit againſt thoſe, who by their Vices, Vanity, or ridiculous Affectation, have forfeited the Notice, and intitled themſelves to the Contempt of every Woman of Delicacy, Spirit, and Senſe.

SALLY TICKLE.

[*We would deſire the Favour of our Correſpondents to ſend their Pieces as ſoon after Thurſday as poſſible; ſeveral came to Hand Yeſterday, when the Paper was nearly completed; it was with Difficulty we found Room for Miſs Tickle's, and were obliged to defer the reſt.*]

From the Providence Gazette, January 9, 1773.

AT a meeting of the General Aſſembly of the Engliſh Colony of Rhode Iſland, and Providence Plantations, at Eaſt-Greenwich, on the 25th of October, A. D. 1769, it was Voted and Reſolved, "That all trials of treaſon, miſpriſion of treaſon, or of any felony or crime whatſoever, committed and done in this colony, by any perſon or perſons reſiding therein, ought of right to be held, and conducted in and before his Majeſty's courts, held within ſaid colony, according to the fixed and known courſe of proceeding; and that the ſeizing any perſon or perſons therein reſiding in this colony, ſuſpected of any crime whatſoever, committed therein, and ſending ſuch perſon or perſons to places beyond the ſea to be tried, is highly derogatory of the rights of Britiſh ſubjects, as thereby the inеſtimable privilege of being tried by a jury from the vicinage, as well as the liberty of ſummoning and producing witneſſes on ſuch trial, will be taken away from the party accuſed."

When the above reſolve paſſed the Houſe of Aſſembly, it was a time of coolneſs and much deliberation, and none had the moſt diſtant thought that this colony would be the firſt attacked in ſo tender a part. Perhaps it may be rather unfortunate for America, liberty, that the ſmall colony of Rhode Iſland ſhould be ſingled out, by miniſterial mandates, to take the firſt doſe of this celebrated antidote againſt treaſon; BUT WE CAN ASSURE OUR BRETHREN OF [illegible] COLONIES, THAT WE [illegible] OUR INALIENABLE AND DEARLY BOUGHT RIGHTS, TO ANY POWER ON EARTH.

I ſhall give a ſhort hiſtory of the behaviour of the Gaſpee Schooner, from her firſt arrival in this colony, [illegible] her diſtruction on the [illegible]oth of June laſt, as introductory to the preſ[illegible] alarming meaſures.

About the middle of Ma[illegible]aſt, an armed ſchooner appeared in our Bay, [illegible] boarded, ſearched, and maltreated every veſſ[illegible] ſhe came up with, not ſhewing any commiſſion o[illegible]uthority for ſo doing. This matter was repre[illegible]d to his Honour the Governor of the colony, [illegible] ſent the High Sheriff of the county of Newport [illegible]ard the ſchooner, to ſee who and what ſhe was[illegible] Lieutenant Duddingſton, who commanded her, [illegible] not think proper to wait on the Governor with [illegible]ers, as he required, and as it was his indiſ[illegible] duty to have done; but ſent the maſter of [illegible] ſchooner, with pa[illegible]s from the Commiſſioners [illegible] Cuſtoms at B[illegible]on, empowering them to make ſeizures of any v[illegible]ls that ſhould be found [illegible]c. Several meſſages paſſed betw[illegible]or and Lieutenant Duddingſton [illegible] propriety of Mr. Duddingſton's [illegible]nted out; and he was even told, [illegible]eads, what muſt be the conſequence [illegible]viour; but he bluſtered much, and ſw[illegible]ole colony could not get on board his veſ[illegible]

Admiral Montagu was [illegible] acquainted with the diſpute, which he ſoon too[illegible] very [illegible] in, and treated the Gov[illegible] with [illegible]ſignity. After Mr. Duddingſton [illegible] the Admiral in his cauſe, his behavio[illegible] infolent and intolerable, [illegible] maſter and merchant a[illegible] ſtealing ſheep, hogs, poul[illegible] round the bay, and cuttin[illegible] other trees for fire wood——[illegible] behaviour was ſo *piratical* and pro[illegible] Engliſhmen could not patiently bear it. This gave riſe to the unhappy ſcheme of deſtroying the Gaſpee, which though it has been repreſented by the King's officers as an affair preconcerted by the inhabitants round the Narraganſet bay, and that almoſt the whole town of Providence were concerned in it, by this action was done by about forty people in boats or ſix longboats, as the Gaſpee's people [illegible] each the day after ſhe was deſtroyed. [illegible] was haſtily concluded on, and very ſoon ſo that the authority of the town [illegible]d not the leaſt knowledge of it. [illegible] ſteps were immediately taken by [illegible] colony to diſcover the perpetrators of this riotous affair. A proclamation was iſſued, offering a large reward to any that would give information, ſo that the offenders might be brought to Juſtice; but no witneſs of validity appearing, the *brave* Captain Linzee *kidnapped* a mulatto, and by Promiſes and threats made the villain ſwear to a number of falſhoods, whereby he has impeached ſome of the beſt characters in the colony; and becauſe the civil authority did not think the evidence ſufficient to apprehend them for trial, the Admiral and other officers, in their great wrath againſt the colony, have ſo repreſented this matter to the miniſtry, that his Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint ſpecial Commiſſioners, for examining and *ſending to England* as many of the offenders as can be apprehended.

I truſt when the Commiſſioners come to have a true account of the exertions of the authority of the colony, and that they now ſtand ready to give every one accuſed, on ſufficient evidence, lawful trials, they will give his Majeſty a favourable account. On the other hand, when they ſee the groſs miſrepreſentations that have been made, and all from a lying ſervant, that has not ſpoke a word of truth, it is expected the Commiſſioners will do juſtice to the characters of thoſe Gentlemen that have been unjuſtly accuſed. PROVIDENTIA.

WILLIAMSBURG, December 31.

On Saturday, the 19th inſtant, the Phœnix, Captain Lamount, in ſix weeks and four days from Glaſgow, was ſtranded off the Capes, and the ſhip and cargo entirely loſt. The weather being very dark and hazy for ſeveral days, rendered it impoſſible for them to take an obſervation; but, about nine in the evening, finding they were coming to ſoundings, they ſlackened ſail, and were pleaſing themſelves with the agreeable expectation of their voyage being nearly completed, when, about eleven the ſhip ſtruck, the water ruſhed in upon them with great impetuoſity from all ſides, and before day was ten feet deep in the hold. Finding themſelves on the brink of periſhing, they took to the long boat, and, with great difficulty, reached the ſhore.

BOSTON, January 11.

It muſt afford the greateſt pleaſure to the friends of liberty and the conſtitution, to perceive the country ſo thoroughly awakened to a ſenſe of their danger; that almoſt every town have or are about calling meetings to expreſs their ſentiments at this alarming criſis; that union and good ſenſe, patriotiſm and ſpirit already manifeſted in all parts of this province, muſt under Providence work out our political ſalvation, in ſpite of all the efforts of our enemies to prevent it.

One of the Rhode Iſland Com——s writes to his brother in this town, that they are received there with great reſpect, and that they are like to make that place their winter quarters—Others write that their motions are carefully watched, and that it is not probable they will be ſuffered to execute a commiſſion ſo inconſiſtent with their own and Magna Charta. Their aſſembly ſits this day, and it is hoped they will not be induced by complaiſant or rather artful behaviour to make any conceſſion or ſubmiſſion whereby a precedent ſhall be introduced and eſtabliſhed, which may be fatal to the freedom of their own conſtitution, and the liberties of America.

From the Boſton Gazette, January 11, 1773.

Meſſieurs EDES & GILL,

AT this time when great things concerning our nation and America, are under conſideration, and every man ſpeaks and acts freely, I will alſo ſhew my opinion. Since the diſputes began between Britain and America, I have read, with great attention, Locke, Sidney, and the reſt of the inſpired patriots and polititians of the laſt age, and find that they all maintain the principles of liberty and condemn arbitrary power, as it is againſt the laws of God and nature. Thus far they. I find alſo that the great and good men of this age are of the ſame opinion with thoſe of the laſt.

My own opinion is this, that no people on earth have a right to make laws for the Americans but themſelves. It is as evident as any thing in the world, that the people in this country have as juſt a right to make laws for the people of Britain, as they have to make laws for us. It is certain if one people can make laws for the other, the law makers are maſters and the others are ſlaves; and therefore I am aſtoniſhed that any perſon of common underſtanding ſhould ſay that the people of Britain have any authority over the Americans; for it is nothing leſs than to ſay we are ſubjects to ſubjects, and ſervants to the Britons.

Truth and common ſenſe will at laſt prevail, and if the Britons continue their endeavours much longer to ſubject us to their government and taxation, we ſhall become a ſeparate ſtate—This is as certain as any event that has not already come to paſs; for the people from every quarter of the world are coming to this Country, of all trades arts and ſciences, ſoldiers and ſeamen, and in a ſhort time the Americans will be too ſtrong for any nation in the world.

I am glad to hear that the people are meeting in the towns to declare their minds upon the important matters in diſpute, it is moſt certainly a very wiſe meaſure, and all who neglect it at this time will deſerve ſlavery with all its horrors, but I hope they will. I truſt they will do it in every town [illegible]

From the PENNSYLVANIA JOURNAL.

Messrs. BRADFORDS,

I send to you, for the information of the public, the very extraordinary COMMISSION *of the* JUDGE COMMISSARY *of* OUR NEW ADMIRALTY COURT; *And hope some able pen will undertake to shew, how inconsistent the extensive powers of* THAT COMMISSION *are with the* RIGHTS *and* PRIVILEGES *of* BRITISH *SUBJECTS*. A. P.

GEORGE the Third, by the grace of GOD, of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith: To all and singular our officers, and other our liege subjects whomsoever, in and throughout our kingdom of Great Britain, and other our foreign plantations, colonies, and dominions; and to all persons in general, whom these presents may concern, but more especially to our beloved JARED INGERSOL, Esquire, GREETING.

BE IT KNOWN, THAT WE, for good and sufficient causes us thereunto moving, have established, and do by these presents establish a Court of Vice Admiralty, at Philadelphia, in North-America, to have original jurisdiction in all causes arising within the limits of our colonies of New-York, New-Jersey, Pennsylvania, the lower counties on Delaware, Maryland, and Virginia, and within three leagues of the shores thereof. The said court to have also original jurisdiction in all causes arising from the capture of ships, between the latitudes 41 deg. and 36 deg. 15 min. N. or of ships whose port of destination shall be within either of our said colonies; the said court to have also jurisdiction in appeals from the courts of vice admiralty established, or to be established within either of our colonies before mentioned.

And be it also known, That we confiding very much in your learning, honesty, fidelity, circumspection, and industry, do, by these presents make, ordain, constitute, and appoint you, the said Jared Ingersol, Esq; to be judge of the said court of vice admiralty, established at Philadelphia aforesaid, under the stile and title of *Judge Commissary, Deputy and Surrogate of the Court of Vice Admiralty of Philadelphia, in North-America*, with original jurisdiction in all causes arising within the limits of his Majesty's colonies of New York, New-Jersey, Pennsylvania, the lower counties on Delaware, Maryland and Virginia, and within three leagues of the shores thereof; and also, with original jurisdiction in all causes arising from the capture of ships, between the latitudes of 41 deg. and 36 deg. 15 min. north, or of ships whose ports of destination shall be within either of the said colonies; also, with jurisdiction in appeals from the courts of vice admiralty, established, or to be established, within either of the said colonies: saving always a right to any or either of the parties, who shall think himself or themselves aggrieved, by such vice admiralty court at Philadelphia, in the first instance, or in an appeal to such vice admiralty court established at Philadelphia, to appeal either to us in council, or to our high court of admiralty of England; and saving likewise, all other the rights of our high court of admiralty of England. And we do hereby give, grant, and allow, to the said judge, an annual salary of 600l. to be paid, in the first place, out of the moiety money arising from the penalties & forfeitures, to be levied within the said colonies and plantations; and if that fund shall not be sufficient, out of the money arising from the sale of old naval stores.

And we hereby expressly enjoin and command you the said judge, upon pain of losing your office, not to take any fee, or gratuity whatsoever for any judgment given, or business done in your said court.

And we do hereby commit and grant to you the said Jared Ingersol, our power and authority to take cognizance of, and proceed in all causes, civil and maritime, and in complaints, contracts, offences, or suspected offences, crimes, pleas, debts, exchanges, polices of insurance, accounts, charter parties, agreements, bills of loading of ships, and all matters and contracts, which, in any manner whatsoever, relate to freight due for ships hired and let out, transport money, or maritime affairs, whereof bottomry; or which do any wise concern the trespasses, injuries, extortions, demands, and actions civil and maritime, whatsoever, between owners and proprietors of ships and other vessels, and merchants or others whomsoever, with such owners and proprietors of ships and all other vessels whatsoever employed in the or between any other persons howsoever and began, or contracted for any matter, cause or thing business or injury whatsoever done, or to be done, as well in, upon, or by the sea, or public streams, or fresh water, ports, rivers, creeks and places overflowed whatsoever, within the ebbing and flowing of the sea, or high water mark, as upon any of the shores, or banks adjoining to them or either of them within the limits and districts before mentioned; together with all and singular their incidents, emergencies, dependencies, annexed, and connexed causes whatsoever; and such causes, complaints, contracts, and other the premises aboveſaid, or any of them, howsoever the same may happen to arise, be contracted, had, or done, to hear and determine the same at Philadelphia aforesaid, (according to the civil and maritime laws and customs of the high court of admiralty of England) and to proceed judicially and according to law in administering justice therein.

And moreover, to compel witnesses (in case they withdraw themselves, for interest, fear, favour, or ill will, or any other cause whatsoever) to give evidence to the truth, in all and every the causes abovementioned, according to the exigencies of the law: And further, to take all manner of recognizances, cautions, obligations, and stipulations, as well to our use, as at the instance of any parties for agreements or debts, and other causes and businesses whatsoever, and to put the same in execution, and to cause and command them to be executed: Also duly to search, and inquire of, and concerning all goods of traitors, pirates, manslayers, felons, fugitives, and felons of themselves, and concerning the bodies of the persons drowned, killed, or by any other means coming to their death in the sea, or in any ports, rivers, public streams, or creeks, and places overflowed: And also, concerning engines, toils and nets, prohibited and unlawful, and the occupiers thereof.

And moreover, concerning fishes royal, namely, whales, riggs, grampuses, dolphins, sturgeons, and all other fishes whatsoever, which are of a great, or very large bulk, or fatness, by right or customary ways used belonging to us, and to the office of our high Admiral of England, and also of, and concerning all casualties as [illegible] wrecked, flotzon, jetson, lagon, [illegible] and wreck of the sea, and all [illegible] to be taken as derelict, or by chance found, or to be found or forfeited, and of forfeitures, trespasses, misdemeanors, offences, enormities, and maritime crimes whatsoever, done and committed [illegible] upon the high seas, in all ports, [illegible] ters, and creeks, and shores of the [illegible] water mark, from all first Bridges towards [illegible] and throughout the limits and district aforesaid, [illegible] maritime coasts [illegible] belonging, howsoever, whensoever, or by [illegible] soever, arising or happening, and [illegible] as are discovered and [illegible] all fines, mulcts, amercements due and to be due, in that behalf, to moderate, demand collect, and levy, [illegible] me to be demanded, levied, and [illegible] ording to law, to compel and [illegible] be paid; and also to proceed in all and every the causes and businesses above recited, and in [illegible] other contracts, causes, contempts; and [illegible] ces whatsoever, howsoever, contracted or arising, if the goods or persons of the debtors may be [illegible] nd within the jurisdiction of the Vice Admiralty [illegible] ed at Philadelphia aforesaid, according to [illegible] vil and maritime laws and customs of our said High Court of Admiralty of England anciently used, and by all other lawful ways, means, and methods, according to the best of your skill and knowledge; and all such causes and contracts, to hear, determine, discuss, and finally determine, and also to arrest, and cause and command to be arested, all ships, persons, things, goods, wares, and merchandizes, for the premises, and every of them, and for all other causes whatsoever, concerning the same, wheresoever they shall be met with, or found within the [illegible] and district aforesaid, and to compel all manner of persons in that behalf, as the case shall require to appear, and answer, with power of using any temporal coercion, and of inflicting any other penalty or mulct according to the laws and customs [illegible] do and administer justice, order, and course of the law, plainly, looking only in the [illegible]

And [illegible] you, in this behalf, to fine, correct, [illegible] tize, and reform, and imprison, and command to be imprisoned, in any [illegible] within the limits aforesaid, and the [illegible] places of the same, the parties guilty, and violaters [illegible] jurisdiction of our Admiralty aforesaid, [illegible] pers, delinquents, and contumacious [illegible] masters of ships, mariners, [illegible] wrights, and other workmen and [illegible] soever, exercising any kind of [illegible] all according to the aforesaid [illegible] time laws, and ordinances and their demerits, as according to the [illegible] and ordinances aforesaid, [illegible] m of Great Britain, for the [illegible] in that behalf, made and provided; [illegible] absolutely discharge, [illegible] be discharged, whatsoever [illegible] imprisoned in such case, [illegible] and to promulge, and to [illegible] sentences and decrees, and [illegible] ecution with cognizance, and [illegible] other causes civil and maritime [illegible] which relate to the sea, or which, in any [illegible] way regard, or concern the sea, or passage over the same, or navigation, maritime voyages performed, or to be performed, out of the said maritime jurisdiction above said; with power also to proceed in the same, according to the civil and maritime laws and customs of our aforesaid Court [illegible] used, as well those of meer office, [illegible] as at the instance of any party, as the [illegible] quire and seem convenient, command [illegible] our power and authority, concerning [illegible] lar the premises, in the manner [illegible] prefixed, in the [illegible] before described, together with [illegible] and appointing all such officers and ministers, and deputies under you, as shall be necessary for the execution of the said office, excepting always the Register and Marshall of the said court, the nomination and appointment of whom we reserve to ourself, by these presents, which are to continue only during our pleasure)

Farther, we do, in our name, command, and firmly and strictly charge all and singular our Governors, Commanders, Justices of the peace, Mayors, Sheriffs, Marshals, Keepers of all our goals and prisons, Bailiffs, Constables, and all other our Officers and Ministers, and faithful liege subjects, in, and throughout the limits aforesaid, and the territories thereunto belonging, that, in the execution of this our commission, they be, from time to time, aiding, assisting, and yield obedience in all things, as is fitting unto you, and your deputy whomsoever, under the pain of the law for their neglect and the peril which will fall thereon.

GIVEN, at London, in the High Court of our Admiralty of England aforesaid, under the Great Seal thereof, the seventeenth day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and sixty eight, and of our reign the eighth.

GODF. LEE. FARRANT Registrar.

This is taken verbatim from a copy certified by the Master of the Rolls Office.

GARRET RAPALJE,

Has for Sale at his Store opposite the Fly-Market,

A NEAT assortment of fine and coarse cloths, shalloons, best Holland, osnaburghs, writing paper; 7 by 8, 7 by 9, 8 by 10 glass, and sundry shoing glasses; white lead ground in oil, coarse and fine bolting cloths, bar iron of all sorts, best figure 3 Crowley's and German steel; castor and felt hats by the hogshead or dozen, best Scotch snuff by the hogshead or single bladder, warranted good.

Also sundry good farms in New-Jersey, which he will exchange for a house or lot in New-York. 65 8

RICHARD WALDRON,

TAKES this method to acquaint his friends and customers, that he is removed from the corner apartment of his house at the Exchange, to the apartment where he formerly lived, opposite Mrs. Blaau's, where he continues to furnish gentlemen with lodging and good entertainment.

He has for sale, China, glass and earthen ware, and liquors as usual,—Vinegar, metheglin and cheese. 65 8

CORN FANS, and NEW-CASTLE COAL,

JUST imported from Amsterdam, and New-Castle—to be sold on board the Ship BRITANNIA, Capt. JOHN WALDRON, lying at the Wharf near the Ferry Stairs.—Inquire of the Captain, or of GERARD Wm. BEEKMAN, and JOHN BEEKMAN. 65

WANTED 10 good negro men and women for a plantation in the country. Inquire of the printer. 65 8

L O S T.

WENT adrift the 23d instant, a new long boat, about fourteen and a half, or fifteen feet long; she is not the usual width of a common Moses of that length, her built is more lean; bright turpentine sides, black waist and bottom, chain painter, ciel'd up the inside, branded C, and number'd 298, on the inside of her stern.—Whoever may have taken her up and will bring her to me the subscriber, (cooper, near Beekman's-Slip, New-York,) shall have TWENTY SHILLINGS reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by JOSEPH JADWIN.

New-York, 31st Dec. 1772. 65 8

New-York, Dec. 30, 1772.

P R I N T I N G,

In all its DIFFERENT BRANCHES, performed by

HODGE AND SHOBER,

At the Newest Printing-Office, in Queen-Street, at the Corner of the Fly-Market;

WHO having purchased a large and valuable Assortment of new and elegant Types, from an eminent Letter-Founder in London, propose to carry on the PRINTING BUSINESS, in the neatest Manner, with Accuracy, Dispatch, and at the most reasonable Prices.——As they are young Beginners, they earnestly request the favour and Encouragement of the Public, which they will ever endeavour to merit, by their assiduity to satisfy and oblige those who are pleased to employ them.

At said Place may be had, just published,

The Conquest of Canada; or, the Siege of Quebec.—An historical Tragedy.

The Vicar of Wakefield.—A Tale.

The Devil upon Crutches.

Lectures on Heads.—With a Variety of other Books, Plays, Primers, Pamphlets, &c. &c. 65 8

WIGGLESWORTH, KENT and Co.

Have just received per the Diana, Captain Wilson, from Liverpool; the Amelia, Harvey, and the Beaver, Depoister, from Hull; and the last Vessels from London, &c. a large Assortment of Goods, suitable to the Season, which they are determined to sell upon very reasonable Terms; for Cash or short Credit, at their Store the lower end of Wall Street, viz.

SUPERFINE, middling and coarse broad and narrow cloths, of all colours; blue, green and red duffles, plain and mixt ham and Beaver coatings; Frizes, Imboss'd serges; yellow and white flannels, shalloons, calamancoes, durants and camblets; black and blue everlastings, denims, drawboys, Queen and figured stuffs, pronellaes, hairbines, crapes, silk camlets, yd. and ¾ yd. wide and ¾ cotton and linen checks; ¾ and yd. wide linen; mens and womens purple and white hat plumes; velvets and velverets; quality, [illegible] and silk bindings; buttons, twist, coloured and white [illegible]; damask table cloths, buckram, and a quantity of [illegible] and a large assortment of superfine, middling, [illegible] stripes, mixt and cross barred camlets, with [illegible] too tedious to enumerate.

[illegible] Kent and Company, have a house in [illegible] where they have a manufac- [illegible] 58—

To be let or sold, in the City of New York, inquire of John Beekman, in Wall-Street; separate or altogether,

THAT large convenient dwelling-house in a street called Maiden-lane, between the Fly-Market, and the Broadway-Market.

Also a brew-house, the kettle of which is the best in this city, containing about forty barrels.

Also two malt-houses, large and convenient, and a malt-mill.

Also a small dwelling-house and cooper's shop, now occupied by Walter Hyer; with all those convenient brick stables and coach-houses, now kept for a livery stable by Joseph Stevens.

Also a very large brick store-house, and a vacant lot of ground in John-street, adjoining in the rear to the lots of ground on which the brew-house is built, being the estate late of Mr. Anthony Rutgers.

Also to be sold, a farm on Staten-Island, near Karl's-Neck; it includes a part of the great swamp, is mostly meadow and wood land, adjoining the road that leads to the New Blazing star ferry; on which is lately built a convenient house and a close barrack. To be sold altogether or in parcels, as may suit the purchasers.

Also to be sold a large convenient two story house, kitchen, and spacious garden, very pleasantly situated in the city of New-Brunswick, in which Jaquer Mulford now lives, fronting Burnet-street, near the Presbytetian Meeting-House; which has been lately new roofted, and completely repaired.

Also to be sold a tan yard adjoining the said house and garden. For the house and tan yard inquire as above, or of Bernardus La Grange, Esq; attorney at law, in New-Brunswick. 66 9

BENJAMIN HILDRETH,
DISTILLER,

TAKES this method to acquaint his friends and customers, that he has [illegible] the New Brick Distill-House, near Peck's-Slip—[illegible] of neat brandy, Geneva, spirits of wine, cherry [illegible] and cordials of different sorts, such as clove, liberty, all-fours, Doctor Steven's, tansy and aniseed [illegible] Also of the best quality of Jamaica spirits, West-Ind[illegible] New-York rum; to be sold wholesale and retail, at most reasonable rates. 64 9

ANATOMICAL PRELECTIONS,
The 8th COURSE.

ON Monday next at five in the Evening, the third Part of Dr. CLOSSY's Anatomical Prelections will begin; wherein the relative Position and Structure of the Viscera will be demonstrated; and their Uses, with their Affections, as vascular, nervous, fibrous, and organical, explained, and illustrated, with several elegant Preparations.

King's College, January 6, 1773. 66—

JARVIS ROEBUCK,

Cork cutter, in Maiden-Lane, near the Fly-Market, and next door to Mr. Jacobus Roosevelt; has for sale as follows.

LONG French corks, best velvet do. common bottles do. at 15d. per Groce, Phial do. Brewers do. cork soles for shoes, ready prepared for the last, at 1s. per pair; cork jackets, swimming corks; jar, stone jug, and snuff bottle do. decanter do. floats for fishing nets——Also, neat rattans, canes, supple jacks and thilalies——and a general assortment of dry goods, which he is selling off for cash, at prime cost, and many articles under.

N. B. A good assortment of Holland brushes, which he will sell very low, wholesale and retail.—Likewise all kinds of wines, spirits, rum, geneva, brandy, &c. &c. 62

READY money for new and old books, to be had of Samuel Dellap, at Mr. Thomas Nixon's, Merchant, in the Fly-Market.——N. B. Those who have any to dispose of, must apply immediately.

Just published and to be sold at the same place, (price one shilling) the celebrated Lecture on Heads, by George Alexander Stevens—And Devil on Crutches, or the Night Scenes in London, (price 2s.) Also the following parcel of books,

Moor's Fables for the fair sex,	Scougal's Life of God in the Soul of Man, a book that reform'd George Whitefield,
Bragg's Church Discipline,	Oeconomy of Human Life,
Examiner Examined, by Joseph Fish,	Adventures of the King of the Beggars,
Death of Abel complete, in five books,	Queen's pearl wash balls,
McEwen's Essays, 2 vols. in one	

To be had at the above place, so well known in Europe for their superior excellence for removing sun-burnt freckles, roughness of the skin, to render it delicately white, smooth and soft, and are far preferable to any thing of the kind ever yet offered to the public, price 3s. 66 9

S. SP. SKINNER,
At the *North River*, in NEW YORK,

MAKES *the very best of this Country* RUM; it is equal, *if not superior*, to the common *West India* RUM—'tis well known, that he makes it of a wholesome clean Flavour, quite free from any Manner of offensive *deadly* stinking Hogoo, and of a substantial *natural Proof*, that will be sold for Cash, or usual Credit, or for Melasses, cheaper than the common Country Rum —— *West India strongest Proof*, is also made at a very reasonable Price. 65—

TO BE SOLD,

THAT very valuable farm of land of Adrian Hoghland, late deceased, situate in Bloomingdale, in the out-ward of the city of New-York, containing 121 acres of choice land, well wooded and watered, with salt meadow sufficient to supply the farm with hay; there is on the premises a large commodious dwelling house and kitchen, a large barn, with stables for horses and cows, with other out-houses, all well covered with shingles; also a large orchard with choice apples, and a very great collection of fruit trees, such as English and common cherries, pears, peaches, &c. Its vicinity to the city of New-York, together with very extensive and beautiful prospects (commanding a view of new-Harlem, the Sound, Long-Island, New-York, and its Bay down to the Narrows; and up Hudson's Ri[illegible] for many miles) fitly adapt it for a gentleman's [illegible] seat; and the goodness of soil, for the farmer. [illegible] will be sold together, or in two parts, as best [illegible] chaser. For title and conditions of sale, ap[illegible]

RICHARD FLETCHER,
BENJAMIN HOGHLAND,
60— WILLIAM HOGHLAND.

To be let and entered the first of May next,

THE two houses belonging to Daniel and Moses Gomez, situate in the Fly, at the corner of Burling's-Slip, being one of the finest situations for any kind of trade in the city; the corner house facing four streets, having exceeding good accommodations, more than could be expected from the outward appearance of the house. They will be let either jointly or separately on a lease for seven years, apply to said Daniel or Moses Gomez, living in said houses. 66 9

For *Charles-Town*, In South-Carolina,

The SHIP
POLLY *and* PEGGY,
THOMAS FINLEY, MASTER;
Is expected to sail in a few Days, and Goods will be received on Freight, on very low Terms: For Particulars, as well as Passage, apply to Benjamin Swett, at Henry Haydock's, or to the Captain on board said Ship, now lying at Totton and Crosfield's Wharf.

New-York, January 7th, 1773. 66 9

ANTHONY FIVA,

CONTINUES teaching grammatically, at home and abroad, the French, Italian, and Spanish Languages, in their greatest Purity, on moderate Terms:——Also, translates from any One of the said Languages into the English, or either of the two others, with Accuracy, Dispatch, and Secrecy.—He copies out Writings in the above mentioned Languages, for Attornies and Merchants.

N. B. He takes this Opportunity to return his most humble Thanks to the Ladies and Gentlemen of this City, for the many Favours he daily receives from them. His Evening School to begin again, this Day, and every Day, from Six to Seven o'Clock—Saturday excepted. Inquire for said FIVA, at Mr. ROGER M'NEAL's, in Fair-Street, by Mourning-Street.

☞ His Name over the Door. 66 9

To [illegible] public vendue, on the premises, on Monday [illegible] instant, or at private sale any time before; [illegible] house, cooper's shop with a fire place, and lot of [illegible] ground in Petticoat-lane; the house contains three good rooms with fire places, kitchen and garret: The lot is 46½ feet front, 81 feet 2 inches rear and 50 feet deep, English measure; in the yard is a very good well and stable. The conditions of sale will be made known, and an indisputable title given, by ISAAC LABAGH, living on the premises. 66 8

SCHEME OF A LOTTERY,

For disposing of a House and Lot of Ground, &c. now in the Possession of William Elsworth.

The Lottery consists of 1900 Tickets, viz.

1,	A house and Lot in Queen-street, near Burling's-slip, New-York, valued by sworn appraisers, at £. 1400, and now rents for £. 70 per an. and the taxes,	£. 1400	0 0
1,	A house and lot of two acres in the town of New-[illegible] New-London county, in Connecticut,	50	0 0
99	Prizes of plate, furniture, &c. the highest of which is £. 20, the lowest £. 1. 8. amounting in the whole to	198	10 0
431	Cash prizes, at 30s. each, is	631	10 0
432	Prizes,	£. 2280	0 0
1468	Blanks.		
1900	Tickets, at 24s. each, is	£. 2280	0 0

A blank deed is already made for the house, and the adventurers may be assured, that the [illegible] number which shall draw that and the lot of ground, shall be put into possession as soon as the lottery is [illegible], which will be in short time—when the fortunate numbers will be printed in hand-bills, and the prizes punctually paid, subject to no deduction.

WILLIAM ELSWORTH.

Some of the tickets yet remaining unsold, may be had of Mr. Dine Elsworth, at Powle[illegible] where the Lottery is to be drawn. 66—

H A
MANUFACTURE[illegible] to exceed in Fineness, [illegible] and Cock; [illegible] by a Method peculiar to himself [illegible] the Sweat of the Head damaging [illegible] and others, who have experienc[illegible] will recommend

☞ Encouragement to those [illegible] Aside the Coffee-House Bridge, [illegible]

THE Advertiser many Years [illegible] nisher and Manufacturer [illegible] of this Trade in London and Dublin, who [illegible] introduc'd the Price, [illegible] Watch Work in this Country, [illegible] Views to bring it to the utmost Perfection.

WATCHES

Clean'd at Two Shillings, Glasses One Shilling, each; Main Springs, inside Chains, enamell'd Dial Plates at Four Shillings each—every Particular in repairing at HALF PRICE. And, what never was profes'd by any Watch[illegible] no future Expence, either for cleaning or mending, [illegible]ET, *at the low Shop, aside the Coffee-House* [illegible] York. 61 64

[illegible] *Pivot, of York,*
[illegible], *light as Cork,*
[illegible] *to, Grub-Street belong,*
[illegible] *Neighbour agree,*
[illegible] *may be.*

RUN away from the subscriber, the 1st instant, an Irish servant man named Lawrence Kelly, a baker by trade, has a down look, short black hair, and knock kneed; had on when he went away, a brown knap jacket and a white under one, blue Breeches, good stockings and shoes. Whoever will take him up or secure him in any of his Majesty's Goals so that his master may have him again, shall have three dollars reward and other reasonable charges paid by RICHARD TEN EYCK.

N. B. All masters of vessels and others are hereby forewarned not to conceal or carry off the said runaway, or they will be dealt with according to law. 66 9

GEORGE WEBSTER,

GROCER, at the Sign of the Three Sugar Loaves, in LEARY-STREET; has for Sale the following Articles, viz.

FINE Hyson tea, at 22s. per pound.
——Souchong, at 14s.
Breakfast, green and Bohea tea.
Coffee and chocolate,
Common, middling and double refined sugar.
Lump and Muscovado sugar,
White and brown sugar candy,
Whole and ground rice,
Common and pearl barley oatmeal, and sago.
Allspice, black pepper and ginger, whole and ground.
Cinnamon, mace, cloves and nutmegs.
Hair powder, starch, powder and figg blue.
French and Carolina indigo,
Castile soap, and hand washballs.
Beet-wax, pomatum and blacking balls.
Currants, cask and jar raisins,
Figs, prunes and citron,
Soft and hard shell almonds,
Plumbs, comfits and candied oranges.
Preserved limes, and other sweetmeats.
Tamarinds, honey, and ginger sweetmeats.
Olives, capers, anchovies and ketchup.
Florence oil in bottles and bottles.
Velvet and common corks,
Brushes of all sorts,
Orange, flower, lavender and Hungary water, and Stoughton's bitters.
Fine basket salt,
Cheshire and Glocester cheese,
Ware's best snuff in bladders,
Weston's snuff in bottles,
Long and short pipes,
Ink-powder, quills and sealing-wax.
China bowls of different sizes,
China cups and saucers, at 8s. per dozen (6 cups & 6 saucers.)
A great variety of cream coloured ware.
Mogul, Henry the VIII, and merry-Andrew playing cards.

LIQUORS, viz.

Madeira and Teneriff, port, and best French claret wines.
Arrack, Coniac brandy, and Holland's geneva.
Cider, common white wine vinegar.
Bristol beer,
A quantity of Shaun's best porter at 17s. per dozen.
Jamaica spirits, West-India rum,
Metheglin, French liquors,
Aniseed cordials,
Powder and shot.

And many other Articles in the grocery Way, too tedious to mention.

He likewise begs Leave to inform the Gentlemen, his Friends and others, that he teaches the German Flute and Haytboy, as usual.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC,
THAT THE
UNIVERSAL STORE
OF
GERARDUS DUYCKINCK,
At the Sign of the
LOOKING-GLASS and DRUGGIST POT,

IS removed to the Dwelling-House, next but one from the corner of the Old Slip, now occupied by Henry Will, Pewterer, having also replaced the sign of the LOOKING-GLASS and DRUGGIST POT, from thence back of his said dwelling house, in Little Dock-street, between the widow Duyckinck and Richard Ten Eyck, Baker, being one and the same store, running back from street to street.

He has imported from London and Bristol, in the last Vessels,

A large Assortment of GOODS,
Such as have not been imported to this city before,
Being a curious assortment of valuable Goods, viz.

Looking-Glasses, Sconces and Dressing-Glasses;

Pictures of all Sizes and Sorts,
Particular capital prints which cost for engraving from one to three hundred guineas.

China and cut white Flint Glass,
A large and beautiful assortment.

ALSO,

A large Assortment of Drugs,
[illegible] every article connected therewith:
[illegible] also in those sundry branches as
[illegible]NTERS and LIMNERS COLOURS,
[illegible]ERS and FULLERS COLOURS,
WINDOW GLASS of all Sizes,
With COACH and PLATE GLASS.
[illegible]OUNDERS and SMELTERS ARTICLES.
JEWELLERS STONES, &c.
HATTERS TRIMMINGS.
Table Knives and Forks, a complete Assortment.
London and hard Metal PEWTER,

SHEET LEAD		
Ditto	Brass	In Boxes,
Ditto	Copper	Rolls and
Ditto	Tin	Bundles.
Ditto	Iron	

STEEL of different Sizes and Marks.
NAILS and SHOT of all Sizes.
WRITING PAPER of all Sizes.
ALSO, an Assortment of
Paper Hangings and Carpeting.
DISTILLERS ARTICLES.
SPICERY——SNUFFS.

And a Variety of other Articles for Country Stores, and [illegible] too tedious to mention, which he will dispose of on [illegible] sonable Terms.

consequence throughout America; it is the most likely method ever yet devised to establish our rights and restore peace and harmony, for if the people of Britain see that we are united and determined, they will give up their vain pretensions, and then a foundation will be laid for the peace and prosperity of the nation,

I always desire the happiness of the king and the people of Great Britain, and I am very sure that the perfect freedom of this country is the surest way to promote their happiness; therefore shall always pray for it, and give it in charge to my children and grand children to preserve the rights of America sacred as their life.

May the Father of mercies and of liberty, inspire all that fear him to defend those rights which he has graciously given them.

AGE & EXPERIENCE.

NEWPORT, January 11.

Last Tuesday between 11 and 12 o'clock, A. M. Capt. Keeler, of his Majesty's ship Mercury, accompanied by a number of officers belonging to the navy, proceeded to the court house in this town, in two ranks, carrying with them his Majesty's commission, appointing the Hon. Joseph Wanton, the Hon. Daniel Horsmanden, the Hon. Frederick Smyth, the Hon. Peter Oliver and the Hon. Robert Auchmuty, commissioners to inquire into, and report unto his Majesty, a full account of all the circumstances relative to the attacking, plundering, and burning his Majesty's schooner the Gaspee, and to assembling, arming, training and leading on the people concerned therein, and to the concerting and preparing the said attack, and of all other insults or obstructions, which have been given to Lieutenant Duddingston, and to his Majesty's service in general in the colony of Rhode-Island, &c. and being in the council chamber, waited until the arrival of the commissioners, when the commission was publickly declared, and proclaimed in presence of a great number of persons; after which James Brenton and James Clarke, Esqrs, were appointed secretaries; and the court have set every day since for the dispatch of business.

Last Saturday about one o'clock, an express arrived in town, with dispatches, as we hear, from Admiral Montagu, to the Hon. commissioners for inquiring into the circumstances of burning the Gaspee, &c. and it is said that the Admiral is expected in town on Tuesday or Wednesday.

NEW-YORK, January 21.

Col. GUY JOHNSON, and Col. FREY, Representatives returned to serve in General Assembly for the County of Tryon, took their Seats in the House for that Purpose on Monday last.

On Tuesday the 5th Instant about 2 o Clock in the Morning, an Oyster Boat, burden about 10 Tons, loaded with near 400 Bushels of Oysters, both the Vessel and Cargo belonging to one James Thompson, of this Town (Oysterman) and being all he was worth in the World, was cast away on the East End of Rockaway Bar, about a Mile from the Shore; there were on board with Thompson two other Men, viz John Buzzy, who was hired in this Town, supposed to be a single Man, and Thomas Riley, who lived near Horse Neck where he left a Wife and 3 Children. This Boat set off from Blue Point (about 40 Miles to the Eastward) the Morning before, and there being no Harbour where she could come to an Anchor, continued sailing till she struck half an Hour after which she bilged, and filled: Buzzy and Riley presently became spiritless, and seem'd to have lost all Reflection, in the Terror of their present Situation: Thompson, whose Spirits, and Hopes of Deliverance never forsook him, endeavoured to cheer their Spirits, and prevail with them to exert themselves, but all in vain; they sat down on the Quarter Deck, where the Sea continually beat over them, nor could they be persuaded to stand up, but incessantly inquired if there was no Prospect of Deliverance. In about two Hours from the Time the Vessel struck, Riley expired, and Buzzy in Half an Hour after. Thompson, still hoping the best, as soon as it was Day, endeavoured to make a Signal of Distress; but seeing no Vessel on Shore, he searched for, and found a Handsaw, wherewith he went to sawing down the Mast, in order to make a Raft but before he had completed it, a Petty-Augre which came for Sand, sent their Canoe and took him off; then a little Frostbitten in his Fingers and Toes, and so far exhausted, that he could not without Help, get on bord the Petty-Augre. Here he stayed till Saturday, intending to come in her to New York, but the Wind being still unfair, and he then pretty well recovered, they set him on Shore, and he walked about 8 Miles to Brooklyn Ferry.

Another Vessel was sent to the Wreck to take off the dead Bodies; but it was then beat to Pieces, and the dead Bodies not to be found.

No Post arrived

☞ The Exhibiter of the Lectures on Heads, returns his most grateful Acknowledgments, to the Ladies and Gentlemen who favoured him with their Presence on Tuesday Night last; and takes this Method of acquainting them, that (by particular Request) he intends repeating them, at Mr De La Montanye's Long-Room near the Liberty Pole, on Tuesday Evening, the 26th Instant, with Singing, by the young Man, to conclude with a Ball.—Tickets to be had of Mr. De La Montanye, Price 5s. each

[*The Chapters of ISAAC the SCRIBE, lately published in this Paper, being much called for, are now republished in a small Pamphlet, and may be had of the Printer of this Paper.*]

On *FRIDAY* next, the 22d Inst:

Will be sold at PUBLIC VENDUE,

Upon the Coffee-House, Bridge, if the Weather is fair;

36 Sashes of 10 by 12, with 12 Lights in each.
40 do. do. 8 do.
6 Inside Pannel Doors.
Marble Slabs, &c. &c.

N. B. Will be sold in Lots to suit the Purchasers.

Imported in the last Vessels from London, and to be sold by

SAMUEL DEALL,

In Broad-Street, opposite the End of Beaver-Street, In NEW-YORK;

THE finest of Durham flour of mustard—masters of vessels and shop-keepers in town and country, may be supplied with any quantity from a quarter of a pound to a hundred weight, at the least notice, with great allowance to those who buy to sell again. Oatmeal fresh ground, Scotch barley for broth, and the finest of split pease. Gentlemen, Ladies and the public in general, may be assured I am the only person appointed by Mr. Jacob Hemet, and Mr. William Bayley, in North America, to vend the only true genuine ESSENCE OF PEARL, and PEARL DENTIFRICE for the preservation of the teeth and gums, to a great age; fine tooth brushes to use the same; and the fine new invented Cakes for shining liquid blacking for shoes and boots—With a large assortment of haberdashery and hosiery of all sorts; mens finest black and white silk hose, ribb'd and plain, and clouded do. mens four thread superfine knit ribb'd hose for winter; men and womens superfine white worsted hose; Gentlemen and Ladies gloves of all sorts, a fine assortment of ribbons, laces and fans, large and small of the best Italian flowers; lavender and hungary water, hard and soft pomatum, and the best scented powder; the genuine Turlington's balsam of life, the best pound and paper pins; the best Harry the VIIIth. Great Mogul and Merry Andrew cards, gilt, bordered and plain message cards—Canary and rape seed for birds, fine red and white clover and rye grass seed for the improvement of lands—crooked and strait combs, Bayley's boxes of improved soap with brushes for shaving—With many other articles too numerous for an advertisement. 68 71

New York, 15th January, 1773.

To be sold at private Sale, the following very valuable Farms, and Tracts of Land.

ELEVEN Farms at Cherry Valley, patented by the late Lieut. Governor Clarke.

Lot No.			
2	containing	—	318 Acres
5		—	305¼
9		—	331¼
16		—	319¼
21		—	320
25		—	323
27		—	325¼
28		—	327
37		—	319
38		—	319
39		—	318¾

1-36 of Westenhook Patent

Ten farms near Canajoharie, patented by Messrs. De Lancey and Laughlin

Lot No. 2, 6, 12, 13, 18, 20, 21, 24, 28 and 29, each lot containing about 228 acres.

Lot No. 1 in Henderson's Purchase, containing [illegible] acres

In Glen's Patent

Lot No. 6, part of lot No. 23, and lot No. 27, containing 1407 acres.

In Cheescock's Patent,

Lot No. 26, containing 1000 acres.

In Hardenbergh's Patent,

The S. W. half of lot No. [illegible], in the division of the great lot No 35, containing [illegible] acres.

The northmost half of lot No. 9, in the division of the great lot No. 35, containing [illegible] acres.

The following lots in the division of Thomas Wenham's great lot No. 1.

Lot No. 2, bounded S. [illegible]ly by lot No. 1, north westerly by lot No. 10, and [illegible]th easterly by lot No. 3, containing 1079 acres.

Lot No 21, bounded S. [illegible]y by lot No. 20, north westerly by lot No. 29, no[illegible]erly by lot No. 22, and south easterly by lot No. [illegible] containing 1283 acres.

Lot No. 33, bounded S. [illegible]erly by large lots No. 14 and 15, north westerly by lot No. 41, north easterly by lot No. 34, south easterly by lot No. 25, containing 1332 acres.

Lot No. 55, bounded [illegible]westerly by lot No. 54, north westerly by lot No. [illegible]rth easterly by lot No. 56, and south easterly by lot No. 47, containing 1250 acres.

Lot No. 58, fronting on the Great Fish-Kill branch of Delaware river; [illegible] north west by the branch of Delaware ri[illegible] easterly by lot No. 57, south easterly p[illegible] and partly by lot No. 79, and south we[illegible] containing 3365 acres.

A farm at Bedfo[illegible] of West-Chester, now in the possession of S[illegible] taining 185 acres.

Those persons who [illegible]ase any of the aforementioned lands, may [illegible] subscriber in Broad-street, New-York.

[illegible]HN LIVINGSTON.

PURSUANT to [illegible] order of the inferior court [illegible] held at Newark, for the county of Essex [illegible] given respectively, to the creditors of [illegible], an insolvent debtor, that the said creditors appear before Jo[illegible] Hampton and Stephen Crane, [illegible] of the said court, on Saturday the [illegible] of February next, at two o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, at the court house in Elizabeth Town, in said county, to [illegible] cause if any they have why the said [illegible] should not be discharged according to the directions of a late act of the Governor, Council and General Assembly of the province of New-Jersey, intitled, An act for the relief of insolvent debtors. 68 71

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

RUN AWAY from the house of the subscriber in North-Castle, one JACOB WHITMAN, a likely well looking man, about 5 [illegible] 9 inches high, black hair, and a taylor by trade; had on when he went away, a blue broad cloth coat (which had been turned, as appeared by the button holes, &c.) with silver washed buttons; a new broad cloth waistcoat, and a new pair of leather breeches. He stole and carried off with him, a silk crape coat and a castor hat; and rode a small sorrel horse, which carries his tail much erect, and has lost his ears, which were cut off slope wise. Whoever takes up and secures the said Jacob in any of his Majesty's gaols, shall receive the above reward, by applying to JOSIAH [illegible]

68 71

TO BE SOLD,

A Very commodious and well furnished corner house and lot of ground, wherein Philip Kissick now lives, pleasantly situated, (and very convenient for a private gentleman or inn-keeper,) on the upper end of Queen-street, nearly opposite to Benjamin Blagge's, Esq; and but two or three doors from John Woods's, Esq; the house is two stories high, 34 feet wide, and 36 feet long, 4 very good rooms on a floor, with a fire place in each, an entry through, and a fine dry cellar under the whole house, a good garret and kitchen; in the yard is a good well with plenty of excellent water, a cistern which holds 14 hogsheads, a neat garden, and a grass plot. The lot is 34 feet in front and rear, and in length about 110 on each side. Also to be sold, the house and lot of ground, adjoining the rear of the above lot, fronting Vandewater's-street, wherein Mr. Abraham C. Bogart now lives: The house is two stories high, 18 feet front, and 16 feet deep, two good rooms with a fire place in each, an entry through the house, and a very good cellar kitchen. The lot is 32 feet front, and 34 feet in length on each side. Half of the purchase money to be paid down, and for the other half with good security, a reasonable time will be given, and indisputable title, by

68 71 PHILIP KISSICK.

To be sold at public Vendue, at the Merchant's Coffee-House, on Tuesday next, the 26th Instant, at 12 o'Clock, or at private Sale any Time before;

A LOT of ground in Petticoat-Lane, adjoining the store of Mr. Theophilact Bache; on which is a brick dwelling-house, a kitchen, and cooper's shop and stable: The house has three good rooms, with a fire place in each, and a garret over the kitchen. The lot is 46 feet 8 inches in front, 66 feet in the rear, and about 30 feet deep; there is an excellent well of water, with a good pump, and the whole now rents at £.32 a year.

Conditions of sale will be made known, and a plan of the lot may be seen any time before the day of sale, by applying to

ISAAC LABAGH.

TO BE SOLD CHEAP,

THE HOUSE and LOT of ground now in the tenure and occupation of Mr. Philip Thompson, Taylor, near the New Dutch Church; there is in said house six fire places, an out-kitchen and cistern in the yard, all in good repair. For further particulars, apply to JOHN BURTLING living in the Broad-Way by whom an indisputable title will be given. 68 71

Bergen County, East New-Jersey, January 9, 1773.

BY virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias to me directed, issued out of the supreme court of the province of New Jersey, I have taken in execution, the goods and chattles of Arondt Van Hook, in my bailiwick, consisting of a great variety of dry goods; also sugars, melasses, metheglin, cider, Indian corn, buckwheat, with sundry other things too tedious to mention—Which will be exposed to sale for cash at my dwelling house, at Sluterdam, Bergen county, on the second day of February next, at eleven o'clock in the morning, and to continue from day to day, until the whole is sold.

68 71 JACOBUS POST, Sheriff.

The Scheme of Powles-Hook LOTTERY.

1	Prize	of	300 Dollars	is	300
1	Ditto	of	200 —	is	200
2	Do.	of	100 —	are	200
3	Do	of	50 —	are	150
5	Do	of	20 —	are	100
10	Do.	of	10 —	are	100
20	Do.	of	5 —	are	100
740	Do.		2½ —	are	1850
782	Prizes,				
2218	Blanks,				
3000	Tickets, at 1 Dollar each, is				3000

Those persons who choose to become adventurers are requested to apply speedily, as the lottery will certainly be drawn in March next. 68—

RICHARD DEANE,

DISTILLER, from LONG ISLAND:

TAKES this Method to return his sincere Thanks to all his Friends and Customers for their past Favours, and to acquaint them, he has now ready for Sale, at his Distillery between the College and the North-River, in *Murray-street*, near *Vaux-Hall*, a Quantity of neat Brandy, Geneva, Spirits of Wine, and Cordials of different Sorts, particularly Royal Usquebaugh, red Ratifia, Cinnamon, Clove, Orange, and Annisseed Waters, All-Fours, &c. Also, *of the very best Quality*, Shrub Jamaica Spirits, West-India and New-York Rum.

The good Quality of said DEANE's Brandy, Geneva, and Cordials, has for several Years past been well experienced, and he is determined if possible, to excel in that particular Branch of Business; and will take in Payment for any considerable Quantity of them, either Jamaica Spirits, West-India and New-York Rum, Melasses, or Country Produce.

Empty Barrels, Kegs and Cases, (which will be charged at first Cost) always ready to fill; and all Orders sent to the Distillery, or left at Mr. *Nesbit Deane's*, Hatter, aside the Coffee-House Bridge, or at Mr. *William Deane's*, Coachmaker, in Broad-Street will be punctually complied with, and the utmost Dispatch used.

☞ Said Deane is fully convinced by long Experience, that the surest Means to acquire a speedy Sale of the above Articles, is to make them of full Quality, at a moderate Charge, and good Attendance, which, with every other Endeavour to give general Satisfaction, will be the constant Study of the Public's very obliged humble Servant,

68— R. LEANE.

BY the Honourable Robert R. Livingston, Esq; one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of the province of New-[illegible] These are to notify Nicholas Rous of the north east [illegible] county of Dutchess, Farmer, an absconding [illegible] application made to me by George Freligh, [illegible] in the county aforesaid, Farmer; I [illegible] estate real and personal of the said [illegible], and that, unless the said Ni[illegible] discharge his debts within [illegible] ce given, all his estate [illegible] will be so[illegible] my h[illegible] day [illegible] thousand seven hun[illegible]

68 71 R. LIVINGSTON.

POET'S CORNER.

To BELINDA, *upon her making the Author a preſent of a* PURSE.

WHATE'ER *Belinda* condeſcends to give,
'Tis mine, with heart-felt rapture, to receive:
No miſer's purſe that holds his ſoul's delight,
E'er gave ſuch pleaſure to his doating ſight.
Shou'd I grow purſe-proud, who could blame my pride;
What miſer has ſuch reaſon on his ſide?
While in my breaſt theſe fond ideas riſe,
Methought that more was meant than meets the eyes;
Methought my fair, in emblematic way,
Meant by this gift ſome moral to convey:
To find it out I ſorely beat my brains,
But all I got was labour for my pains:
When lo! The purſe attain'd the gift of ſpeach,
(What apter than an empty purſe to preach?
Oft has its cogent arguments prevail'd,
When all divines and moraliſt have fail'd;
Not Pitt's own eloquence can boaſt the art,
To ſtrike with equal force the head and heart)
And thus, purſuant of the inſtructive plan
Propos'd by dear *Belinda*, it began,
" Learn youth; Betimes the conduct of the purſe,
Of me—your greateſt bleſſing or, or your curſe;
Am I well us'd?—On me you may depend—
Am I abus'd?—You ſlight your trueſt friend—
Nor ſhut me cloſe, nor open me too wide,
But ever let œconomy preſide:
Nor raſhly hope, neglecting Her, to prove
The tender tranſports of connubial love.
Soft love, defrauded of my genial joys,
Too often droops its languid head, and dies;
But grant that, deeply rooted it defy
The rudeſt rigours of the inclement ſky,
That grounded in eſteem, the hardy plant
Diſdains the piercing blights of cold decay want;
Oh! How when I with friendly aid diffuſe
Th' invigorating warmth, the foſt'ring dews,
How wou'd it's ſtrengthen'd branches bud and ſhoot,
And bear the ſweeteſt flow'rs, the richeſt fruit!"

Juſt imported in the Samſon, Capt. Coupar, from London, and in the laſt Veſſels from Briſtol, and to be ſold by

DIRCK BRINCKERHOFF,

In Dock-Street, near Coenties-Market;

FORGE hammers of the beſt quality
Ditto anvils
Blackſmith's anvils, vices and beck-irons
Ditto ſledge and hand hammers
London fagot ſteel, T Crowley No 3
Ditto bliſtered ditto
Hoop iron
Beſt FF gun powder, not inferior to any Holland
Braſs mounted hair trunks in neſts
Do. red leather in do.
A quantity of London prov'd fowling pieces, poliſh'd locks with braſs furniture
A quantity of common do.
A quantity of prov'd Tower fuzees with double bridle locks, very ſuitable for our preſent ſtanding militia
A parcel of cutlaſſes in ſcabbards with ſolid braſs handles and hilts ſuitable for ditto
A very neat and large aſſortment of coat and veſt buttons, made in imitation of gold thread
Glaſs, Stone, Pinchbeck, Braſs and Platina } Links
Ill'd do. ſet in pinch-
bright augers of
Files of all ſizes
Piſtol caps and other cutlery knives
Knives and forks
A neat aſſortment of pen knives
A variety of ſteel and Bath metal ſhoe and knee buckles
Pigeon, duck, and gooſe ſhot 67 70

Alſo, beſt Sweedes and refin'd bar iron, as uſual,
Together with a variety of other articles in the ironmongery and cutlery way, which are too tedious to enumerate.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of the late Peter Remſen, are deſired to diſcharge the ſame by the firſt of May next, [or their accounts will be left in the hands of an Attorney] with

JANNETJE REMSEN, Executrix,
SIMON REMSEN, JACOB REMSEN, HENRY REMSEN, } Executors.

67 70

Broad-Street, January 14th, 1773.

SCRIVENERS OFFICE, &c,

Eſtabliſhed in June 1764, by

JOHN C. KNAPP,

Attorney at Law de B R.

WHO *conſtantly attends*, and will continue his endeavours to extend the utility of his office to all ranks of people, particularly by giving the moſt candid and ſatisfactory opinion and advice, as well in all caſes of law and equity, as on deeds, wills, and other writings; that, at all times ſtrictly agreeable to the letter of the law, and the wholeſome fundamentals thereof, "*Equity and good Conſcience, governed by right Reaſon.*" Deeds, wills, and all other conveyances; petitions, memorials, charter parties, articles of copartnerſhip, aſſignments, arbitration bonds, &c. drawn effectually to anſwer the purpoſes intended; and on ſuch low charge as to prevent the applying to thoſe perſons who cannot poſſibly have ſufficient knowledge in ſuch buſineſs.—ALSO, letters of attorney, certificates, &c. perfected under city Seal, or otherwiſe as the caſe may require.—*Conſtant moſt times* to be had on bottomry, and offer approved ſecurity. *Executors and Adminiſtrators*, inſtructed in the due execution of their office, whereby to prevent the great trouble and expence which often happens from the want of knowledge therein.—ALSO, perſons aſſiſted to recover their property in England, or other diſtant parts——*Sea-faring men*, and other ſtrangers, who, many times meet with difficulty in matters not altogether relative to the Law, properly attended; *and* thoſe whoſe circumſtances are deſperate will meet the moſt conſiſtent advice, depend on the utmoſt ſecrecy. All other buſineſs of this office executed with ſtrict integrity, and immediate diſpatch.

☞ A middle aged woman [illegible] do the work of a ſmall family [illegible]

THE Directors of the Union Library Society inform the Public, that the Subſcription Money which gives a Right in their Society, is fixed at the ſmall Sum of Thirty Shillings; tho' the Library conſiſts of near One Thouſand Volumes, and is continually receiving new Additions: There are at preſent One Hundred and Forty Members in this Society:—And any Perſon who chooſes upon the above Terms to become a Member, by applying to ROBERT BOWNE, their Treaſurer, may receive Admiſſion. 67 70

TO BE SOLD,

A Good dwelling-houſe and lot of ground, pleaſantly ſituated in the town of Hackinſack, or New-Barbados, in the county of Bergen, New-Jerſey, between the Court Houſe and Dutch Church fronting the green or commons, now in the tenure of Iſaac Browne, Eſq; ſaid lot is one hundred and ſix feet in front and likewiſe in the rear, and one hundred feet deep, on each ſide. An indiſputable title will be given to the purchaſer thereof: Inquire of Theodorus Van Wyck, at New-York, or William Provoſt, near the premiſes. New-York, Jan. 13, 1773. 67 70

For *Kingſton*, and *Savannah Lamar*,

JAMAICA,
The SHIP
BRITANNIA,
Cornelius Van Horne, Commander;

WILL ſail with all convenient Speed. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to Mr. Gerardus W. Beekman, Mr. John Beekman, or the Commander on board, at Marſton's Wharf. 67 70

N. [illegible] 24th Jan. 1773.

MEZZOTINTO AND FLINT GLASS.

William Stiegel,

PROPRIETOR of the firſt American flint-glaſs manufactory in Pennſylvania, is juſt arrived in this city, and opens [illegible] near the Exchange, the corner oppoſite to [illegible]N's; where he hopes for the encouragement [illegible] wiſh well to the eſtabliſhment of manufacturers [illegible] continent; and that the glaſs he offers to the public [illegible] he found to rival that which is imported and ſold at lower prices.

Quart, pint, and half pint decanters; pint crafts; double flint pint, half pint and jill tumblers; ſyllabub and jelly glaſſes; three feeted ſalts and creams; wine and water glaſſes; vinegar and muſtard crewets; phials and other bottles, for Chymiſts and Apothecaries, &c.

As his ſtay in town will be very ſhort, he begs the favour of an early application to him from thoſe, who want a ſupply of glaſs-ware.

ALL perſons who have any demands on Mr. Thomas Lamb, are deſired to bring in their accounts to the ſaid T. Lamb, or Mr. Richard Deane's, Diſtiller, North-[illegible] for England in a few days.

THE [illegible]artnerſhip [illegible]BENNETT [illegible] and [illegible] Pipes, in King [illegible], near the lower end of Wall-ſtreet, being diſſolved, all perſons having demands on the ſaid partnerſhip, are deſired to ſettle their accounts and receive payment by

BENNETT,

Who requeſts the continu[illegible] of the favours of his Friends and cuſtomers, and is the [illegible] maker in the city of Ladies ſet ſhoe buckles. ear-[illegible] egrets, ſprigs and hair pins, ſeals, necklaces, combs, [illegible] and lockets, ſleeve buttons and bracelets, &c. Gent[illegible] ſet ſhoe, knee and ſtock buckles; ſeals, broaches, [illegible] and rings, &c. The above articles done in the neate[illegible] beſt manner and ſold as cheap as in London, wholeſale [illegible] retail.

N. B. Mourning ri[illegible] plain or ſet with any kind of ſtone with hair worked [illegible] ſkips, ſprigs, plates or any device required, with the u[illegible] expedition. Likewiſe cut rubies, ſapphire, topas, an[illegible] gating, cryſtal, &c. Foils and ſtones of all ſorts for [illegible] 44

Moſt money for old g[illegible] and clear cryſtal.

THE partnerſhip [illegible] of Leigh and Price was diſſolved laſt [illegible] when Mr. Price ran away with the creditors' property [illegible] Witneſs my hand.

6th Jan. 1773. ROBERT LEIGH.

WILLI[illegible]KOFF,

At his Store the Cor[illegible] Market, in Hanover-Square—Has juſt [illegible] ſome Aſſortment of Dry Goods, ſuitable for [illegible]rted in the Earl of Dunmore, Capt. Lawr[illegible] late Veſſels from Europe—All which he will [illegible] for Cash, or ſhort Credit—amongſt which are,

BROAD cloth, [illegible]
Bearſkins, frizes and [illegible]
Duffles, German ſer[illegible]
Half thicks and kerſ[illegible]
Red, white and yell[illegible] flannels
Rugs and blankets
Mens and womens [illegible] ſhoes
Cotton caps and wo[illegible] worſted mitts
Camblets, croſs barr'd ſhalloons
Calamancoes, durants
Tammies, ſhalloons
A beautiful aſſortment of callicoes and cottons
Ribbons of all kinds
India taffaties and Perſians
Mens and womens white and beaver gloves of the beſt kind

Gauze[illegible] and lace ſhoeing
Yard and [illegible] lace
Cambric and lawn
Cambric, paſte work and silk handkerchiefs
Broad and narrow worked and ſilk bindings
Silver and knee buckles
Tamboy chimſies
Cambric yellow and [illegible] ſilk ſtays—Gingling coat [illegible], coat and veſt [illegible], knives, [illegible] and forks
Pins, needles and combs
Bibles, teſtaments, Watts's Pſalms, ſpelling books, and primers—Glaſs, ſtone, and brass ſleeve buttons
Gimp and ſnail of all colours
Bed furniture, callicoes &c.

and many more articles, too tedious to inſert. He likewiſe has for ſale—Rum—Wine—Geneva—Brandy—Sugar [illegible]ſſes—A few barrels beſt Peas, and beſt inſpected To-

32 77

For NEWRY,
The SHIP
GRACE,
CHARLES YOUNG, MASTER;

HAVING one Half of her Cargo engaged. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to Theop. Bache, Greg, Cunningham, and Co. or ſaid Maſter on board, at Bache's Wharf. 65 8

Juſt imported by the Lady Gage, and the late Veſſels from London, and to be ſold cheap, wholeſale or retail at J. Holt's Printing Office near the Coffee-Houſe in Dock-Street,

A complete aſſortment of Stationary, among which are,

ACCOUNT, and blank books of all ſorts and ſizes, in parchment or rough calf, The ledgers and journals marbled and letter'd.
Writing paper of all kinds from the loweſt to the higheſt prices, of pot, cap, thick and thin poſt, quarto do. with black, or gilt edges, or plain; folio demy and royal.
Small and large brown and whited brown paper,
Bloſſom blotting or ſtraining paper,
Blue, grey, and marble do of ſundry ſorts,
Beſt cartridge and ſugar loaf paper,
Blank muſic books, and muſic paper,
Chriſtmas pieces,
Blank lines for writing ſtraight, of various ſorts,
Fine patent ink cake, and ſhoe blacking,
Beſt black and red ink powder,
Slates and pencils of all ſizes,
Beſt pens, quills, and black lead pencils,
Beſt parchment large and ſmall, and vellum,
Very beſt red and black wax of all Sorts, and wafers in boxes,
Pewter and lead ſtandiſhes,
Beſt Merry Andrew and Harry's playing cards,
Alphabets, memorandum and copy books ſorted,
Fine black and red leather pocket books of many ſorts,
Receipt books of all ſorts and ſizes, with and without claſps, ſome interleaved with blotting paper,
Plain and gilt horn books, primers and battledores,
Newberry's children's books of all ſorts,
Spelling books, teſtaments and bibles,
Young man's beſt companion,
Childrens familiar dialogues,
Heidelberg and Johnſon's catechiſm and grammar,
Manual exerciſe the right ſort now in uſe by the army,
New-York militia act,
Philoſophic ſolitude, Goldſmith's deſerted village,
Chapman's books, and a great variety of books and pamphlets, by the beſt authors on the moſt intereſting and entertaining ſubjects. ALSO,
Almanacks of ſeveral ſorts for the Year 1773 and blanks of all ſorts, viz.
Common bonds, and promiſory notes
Bonds, and notes and judgments,
Arbitration Indemnification, Adminiſtration and bail bonds,
Bills of lading and exchange
Bills of Sale, for veſſels negroes, &c.
Servants and apprentices indentures
Portage bills, both ſorts
Complete liſt of prices current in New York,
Policies of inſurance on veſſels, on cargo, and veſſels and cargoes,
Powers of Attorney and wills and powers
Mortgages, leaſes and releaſes, &c.
ALSO,
Bateman's and Norton's Maredant's drops, imported from the original warehouſe, and warranted genuine.

MACHINE to dreſs FLOUR.

THE King has been pleaſed to grant unto JOHN MILNE of Mancheſter, his royal letters patent, for all his colonies in America, &c. for the ſole making and vending his new invented machines, for the dreſſing the flour of wheat, &c. which machines are found to be of great utility by all perſons who have them in uſe; they not only make the flour look better, but alſo make it uſe better, as they make it more lively, and will diſpatch three times as much buſineſs in the ſame time, as the common method of bolting with cloths, and they will do that buſineſs at one operation, which, to be done with cloths, requires ſeveral, for they will dreſs fine flour, two ſeconds and three ſeconds, and clean the bran at one operation; or they may make two ſorts, or only one ſort of flour, by moving the partitions within the box, juſt as the perſon pleaſes who attends it; and conſidering their duration, are much cheaper than cloths. Alſo, his new invented machines for cleaning wheat, barley, &c. which takes out ſeeds, duſt, &c. and will break and deſtroy ſmut balls, and give a brightneſs and luſtre to the grain.

The ſaid machines are to be ſold by JOHN MILNE, and Co. at their houſe in Mancheſter; or by applying to James Milne (ſon of the ſaid John Milne) who is now at Mr. Curleton's, near the Fort, in New-York.

Juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from ENGLAND,
A freſh COLLECTION of the abovementioned
MACHINES.

To the PUBLICK.

HAVING had an experience of Mr. Milne's new invented patent machines, for bolting flour and cleaning wheat, at my mill, where they are now to be ſeen at work, at Long-Iſland—— I think it my duty to declare, that they are a curious, expeditious and elegant contrivance, and what, in my opinion, will anſwer every purpoſe for which they are deſigned, and likewiſe be of great ſervice to the publick. JACOB SEBRING, junr.

To the PUBLICK.

I Think it incumbent on me, for the good of the community, and particularly of thoſe who are manufacturers of flour, to declare, that upon trial, I have found Mr. Milne's machine anſwer the purpoſes of bolting, for which they are intended; infinitely better than the old method of doing it with cloths, as they really bolt three times as quick without the leaſt exaggeration, and are a very ingenious contrivance.

Fiſh-Kills, Dutcheſs County,
July 25, 1772. DERICK BRINCKERHOFF.

House of Aſſembly, New-Jerſey, September 4th, 1772.

THE petition of Abner Hetfield, an inſolvent debtor, praying a law for his relief, &c. was read the ſecond time—On the queſtion, ordered that the petitioner have leave to bring in a bill at the next Seſſions, unleſs cauſe ſhewn to the contrary; and that he publiſh a copy of this order in the public news papers ſix weeks before the next ſeſſions. A true copy.

67 72 JONA. DEARE, Clk.

NE[illegible] JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the COFFEE-HOUSE;
Where all Sorts [illegible] Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertiſements of no more Length than Breadth are inſert[illegible] One Shilling for each Week after, and larger Advertiſements in the ſame Proportion.